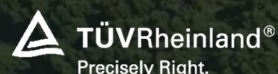


WEBINAR



Inside the empirical data analysis supporting the global adoption of ultra-high power PV modules

DATE: 9th June 2022



TECHTalk



Franck Zhang
Head of Global Product
Strategy and Marketing
Trina Solar



Dr. Christos Monokroussos
Global Head of Solar
TÜV Rheinland Group



Yun Min
R&D Department Manager
**National Testing Institution for
Photovoltaic Products (CPVT)**



**Moderated by
Liam Stoker**
Editor in chief
Solar Media



The Industrialization Progress of 600W⁺ Modules

Dr. Franck Zhang
Head of Global Product Strategy and Marketing
June, 2022



OUTLINES

1. TrinaSolar's 100GW of PV modules have been shipped
2. 600W+ modules are becoming mainstream
3. Vertex 670W modules bring lower LCOE
4. Compatibility , reliability and bankability of Vertex module





TrinaSolar



2022 is the 25th Anniversary
of TrinaSolar

The Accumulative PV Module
Shipments of TrinaSolar reached

100GW+

Total Global Installed PV Module capacity
is about **1000GW**

TOP2 module supplier in 2021!

Top 10 Module Suppliers in 2021 (by shipment volume)

Rank	Module Supplier
1	** Solar
2	Trina Solar 24.8G
3	* Solar
4	* oSolar
5	** ian Solar
6	** Energy
7	** Solar
8	** ch Power
9	** anwha Solutions)
10	** nergy (Chint)

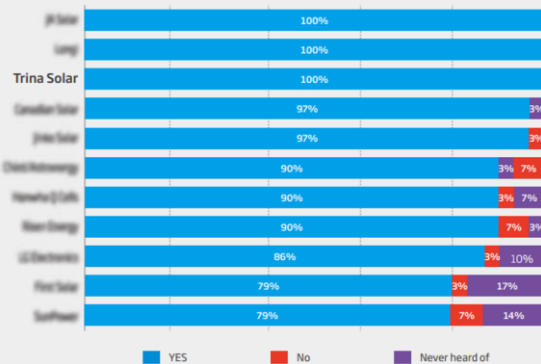
© Solar Media, Ltd. 2022

Source: PV Manufacturing & Technology
Quarterly report, November 2021
release; updated January 2022.

Independent 3rd party reliability & bankability endorsement --PVEL ,BNEF, PV TECH



BloombergNEF's 2021 PV module bankability survey results, top 10



Pyramid & Hyperlinks to Full Coverage

PV ModuleTech Bankability Ratings Pyramid



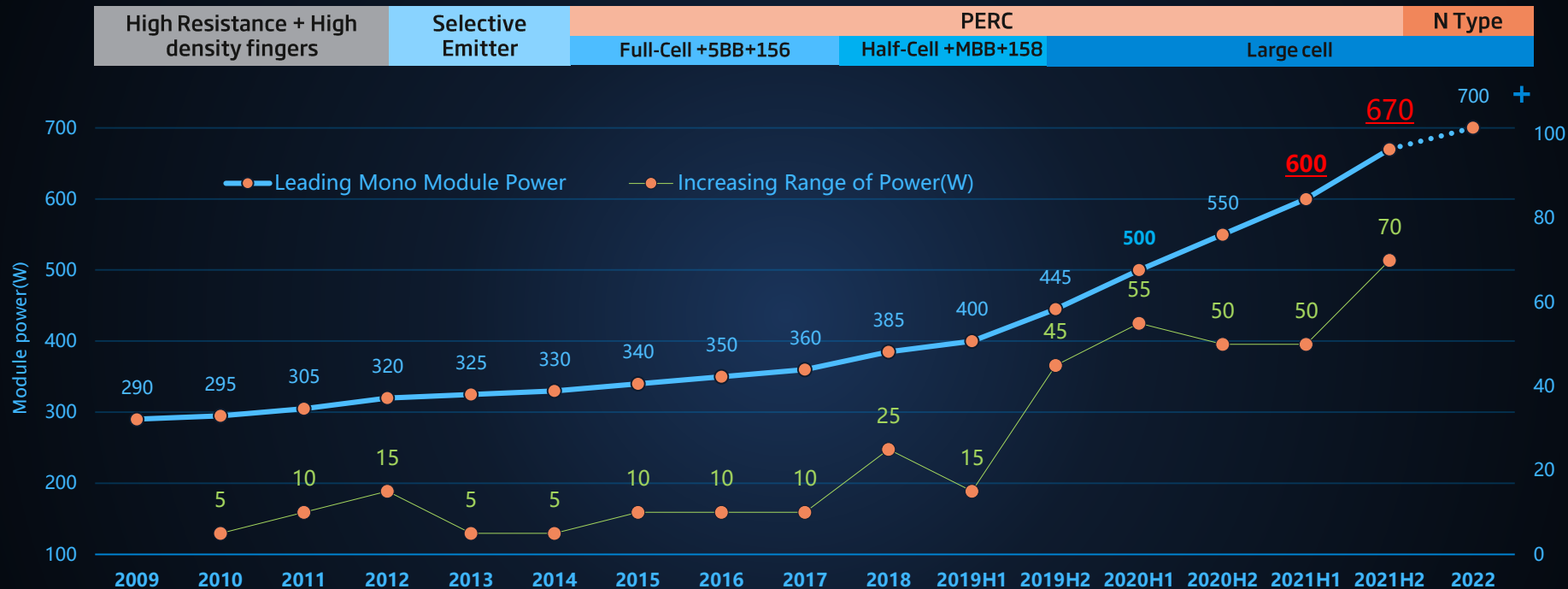
© Solar Media Ltd., 2022
PV ModuleTech Bankability Ratings Quarterly | Q2'22 Release

TrinaSolar has won the **8th** consecutive “**Top Performer**” in the PVEL reliability test. Especially, **Vertex 670W modules** have achieved top performance in all PQP (Product Qualification Program) sequences.

TrinaSolar is the **only** module manufacturer that keeps 100% in BNEF bankability Survey for **6** consecutive years, which indicates that the global financial marketing are confident in the reliability and system value of Trinasolar’s modules.

Trinasolar has just been awarded **AAA** rating(the highest grade) in the latest Q2'22 PV Module Tech Bankability Ratings report. The rating system combines both the manufacturing and financial health of the companies.

Trina Solar - leading The Industry's Ultra-high Power Module Era



- The PV 6.0 Era has already come, the BOS cost and LCOE have decreased significantly with increased module power.
- The Vertex 670W module was launched in Mar, 2021, which has been delivered globally.

600W+ modules are becoming mainstream



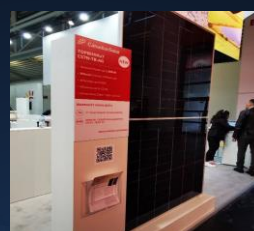
Trinasolar-670W



JINKO-610W



JA-625W



CSI-690W



Photowatt(EDF) -660W



Luxor -700W



JW-635W



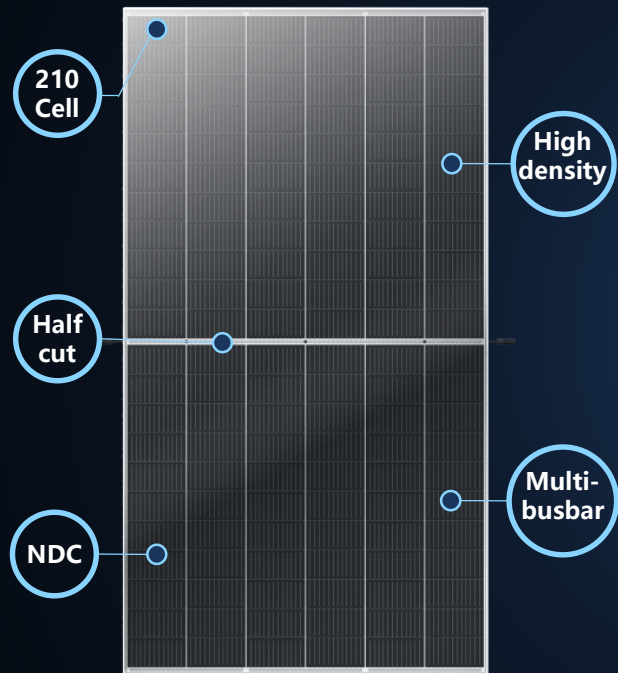
GCL-700W

Tier 1,2 module vendors	Cell size	Mainstream module power	Highest power rating	600W+ announce date
Trina	210	550~670W	670W	2021
JA	210/182	545W~605W	625W	2021
Jinko	210/182	545W~615W	615W	2022
CSI	210/182	545W~670W	670W	2021
Risen	210	550W~670W	670W	2021
Suntech	210/182	545W~670W	670W	2022
Chint	210/182	545W~670W	670W	2022
Huansheng solar	210	550~670W	670W	2021

- At EU Inter solar in May 2022 More than 10 companies exhibited 600W+ new products!

- Almost all tier 1 and tier 2 companies have 600W+ products.

Higher Power and Lower LCOE of Vertex 670W modules



Dimension : 2384*1303

Weight: 38.3kg

Module Power

670W⁺

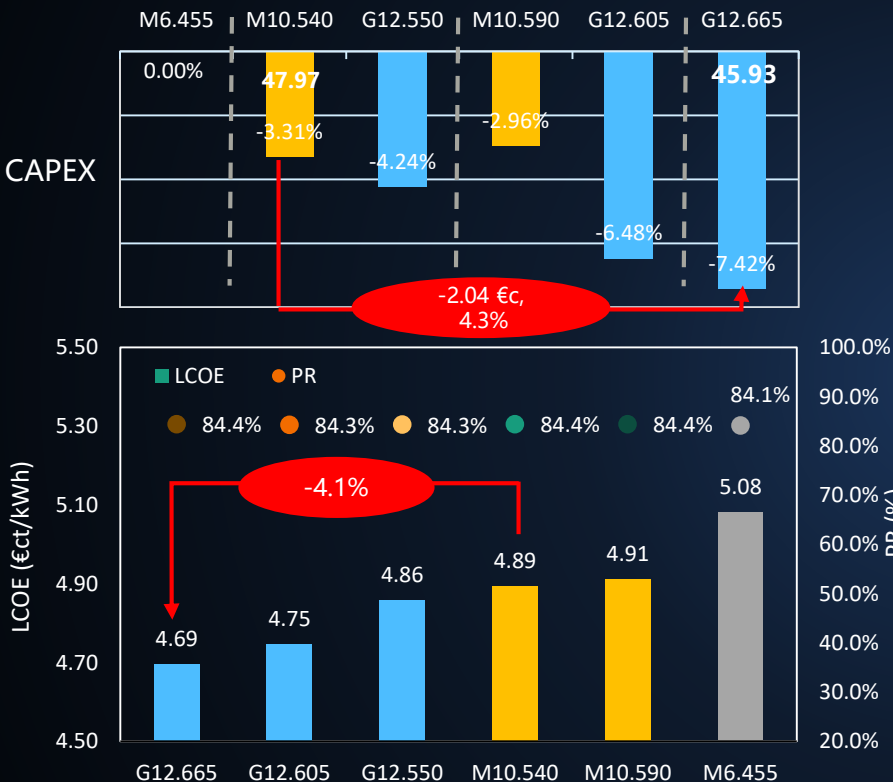
Module Efficiency

21.6%⁺

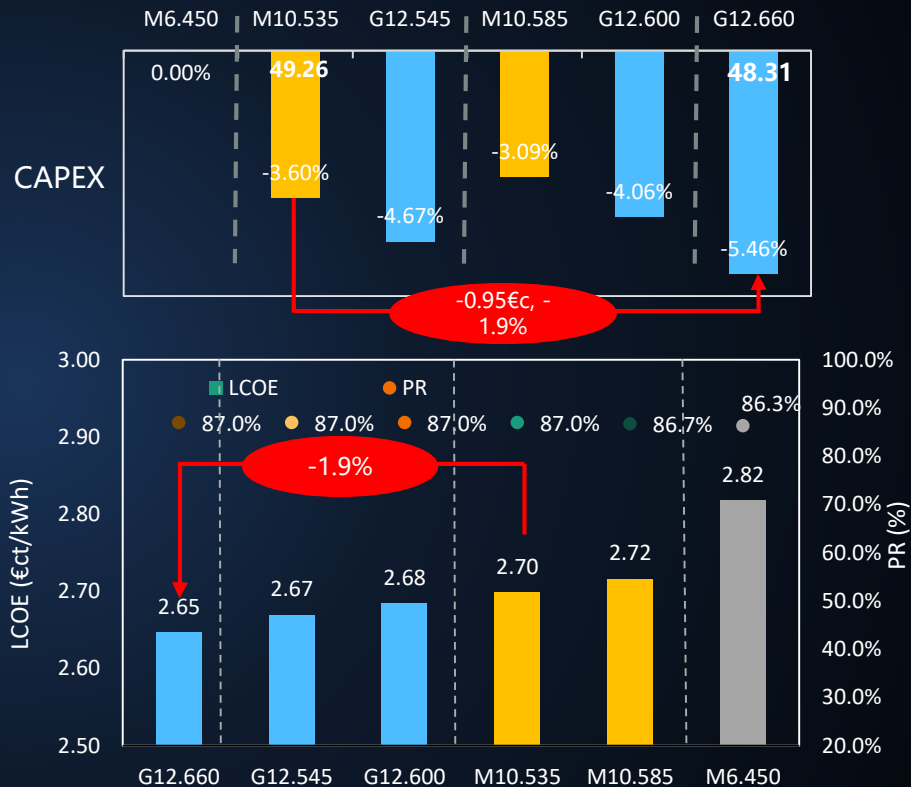
	Vertex 670W	Industry Reference	Remark
Module Power(W)	670	545	125
Module efficiency	21.60%	21.10%	+0.5%
String power(W)	18,480	14,040	32%
Open Circuit Voltage(V)	46.3	49.5	3.2
Short Circuit Current (A)	18.5	13.85	
Module Quantity/String	28	26	-20 °C @ 1500V

CAPEX, LCOE Assessment

Germany: Mono-facial module+ Fixed tilt system



Spain: Bifacial module + 1P tracker system



Compare with 540W M10-72, Vertex 660W can achieve CAPEX saving up to 0.95-2.04€/ct/Wp,
LCOE saving up to 1.9-4.1%

Vertex 670W Modules Compatibility with Inverters

--200+ types from 22 Mainstream Inverter manufacturers



112MW On-grid Qinghai
Dachaidan Power Plant

670W Vertex Module+ Sineng Inverter



Luotian 130MW PV+ Agriculture
complementary power plant

670Module + Huawei smart Inverter



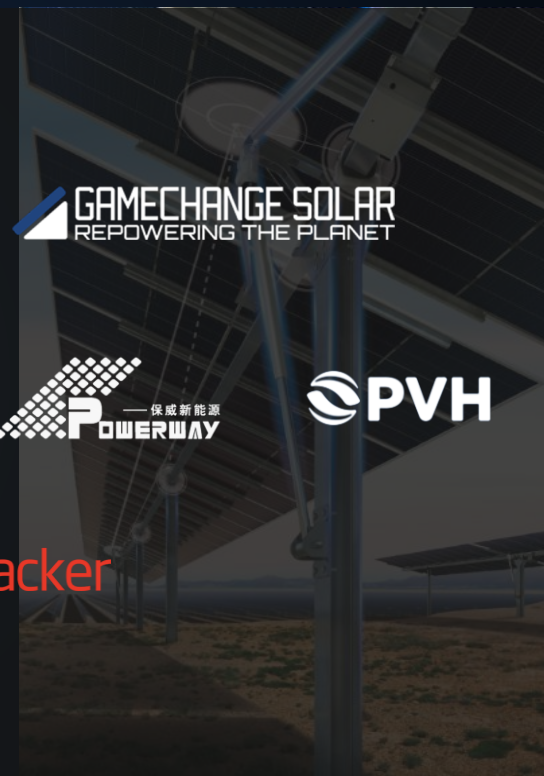
Hebei Nandagang 70MW PV+Fishery
Complementary Project (under construction)

670W Vertex Module + Sungrow Inverter

Vertex 670W Modules Compatibility with Trackers

--30 models of Tracker from 14 Top Suppliers are compatible with Vertex

Company Name	Product Type	210@550W	210@600W	210@670W
Arctech Solar Holdings China	1P	✓	✓	✓
Array Technologies Inc. USA	2P	✓	✓	✓
Clenergy (中信博)	1P	✓	✓	✓
FTC Solar Inc., USA	2P	✓	✓	✓
GameChange Solar LP, USA	1P	✓	✓	✓
Grace Solar (国瑞能)	2P	✓	✓	✓
IDEEMATEC Germany	1P, 2P	✓	✓	✓
Nexttracker Inc. USA	1P	✓	✓	✓
Power Solar Steel (Gonvarri Industries)	1P, 2P	✓	✓	✓
PV HARDWARE Spain	1P-Dual/Mult	✓	✓	✓
STI Norland S.L., Spain	2P	✓	✓	✓
SOLTEC Spain	1P	✓	✓	✓
Soltigua S.R.I, Spain	2P	✓	✓	✓
Trina Solar Co., Ltd.	1P	✓	✓	✓

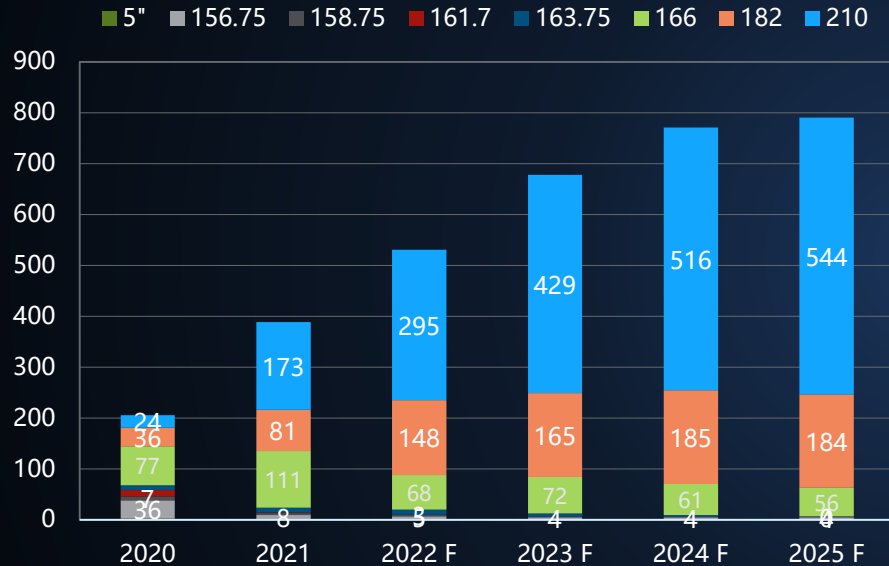


Global application cases of Trinasolar Vertex Modules

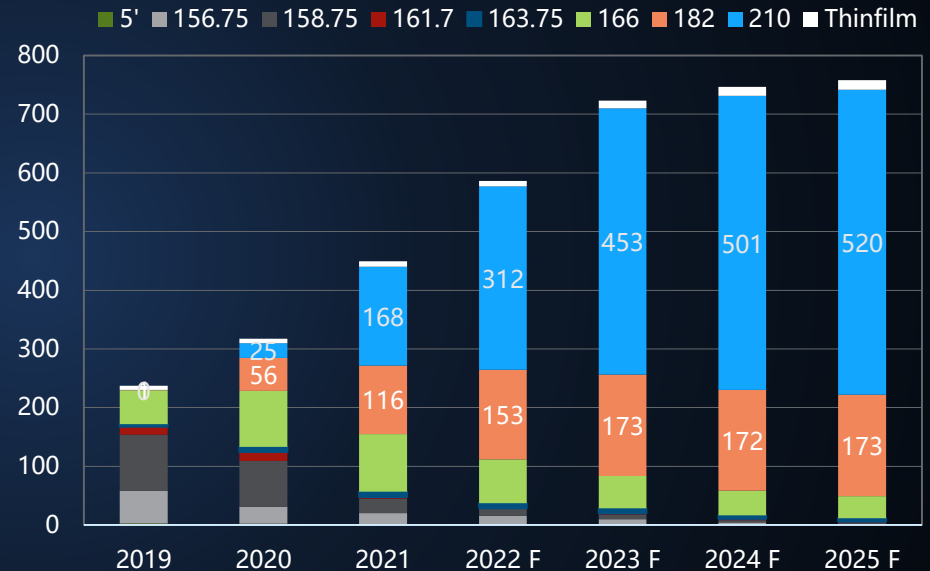


210 Cell & 600W+ Module Production Capacity is Rapidly Expanding Leading the market

Cell Capacity by Wafer Size (Unit: GW)



Module Capacity by Wafer Size (Unit:GW)



Datasource: PV InfoLink 2022 Apr

- I The capacity of 210-size cells and 600W+ modules will reach 295G/312G respectively in 2022;
- I There is sufficient supply capacity of 600W+ modules from 2022 onwards.

Trina Solar Global Manufacturing Capacity Outlook

Suqian

Yancheng

Changzhou

Yiwu

overseas •

2022 module production capacity

65 GW+

2022 cell production capacity

50 GW+

The final data is subject to Trina Solar 2021 financial report

Summary

1

The accumulative module shipment of Trina Solar have exceeded 100GW; 600W+ modules are becoming mainstream;

2

Vertex 670W modules can further reduce LCOE by 1.9~4.1%, efficiently contribute to the global green energy transition and carbon neutrality;

3

Vertex 670W modules have excellent compatibility, reliability and bankability, which are ready for global application.

THANKS!

- Deploying Vertex Modules
- Reduce LCOE and Maximize Your ROI



Energy Yield Service: Looking beyond the Standard Test Conditions

TÜV Rheinland Group

Dr. Christos Monokroussos



TÜV Rheinland's Solar Business

Offering tailor-made solutions for manufacturers, EPCs and investors along the value chain globally.

More than **40** years of experience in PV.

Power plant inspections since **1990**.

More than **500** locations in **59** countries worldwide.

8,000 m² of lab testing areas.

250+ PV experts worldwide.

Energy Yield Service

Agenda

1. Module power rating vs. energy yield
2. Global energy yield measurement of TÜV Rheinland
3. Trina Solar energy yield project

Energy Yield Service

Agenda

1. **Module power rating vs. energy yield**
2. Global energy yield measurement of TÜV Rheinland
3. Trina Solar energy yield project

Energy Yield Service

Module power rating vs energy yield



Pricing €/W_p

Based on module power rating measured at STC condition

Decision making

W_p & Simulation

- ❑ Module power rating in €/W_p at STC condition, which is deficient to evaluate energy yield
- ❑ Normative basis is the series of standards IEC 61853 part 1 to 4, which might have high measurement uncertainty
- ❑ PV industry moving away from *W_p-thinking* towards *energy yield driven decisions*



Module characteristics which determine PV module's performance outdoors can be found on datasheets, but are not always trustable.

Energy Yield Service

Module power rating vs energy yield

- **Nominal power rating** (Wp stated power on the label) of a PV module **does not tell much** about the energy delivery
- **Energy delivery (Wh)** of a PV module is influenced by various factors:
 - ❖ **Electrical properties**
 - ❖ **Module construction**
 - ❖ **Site specific conditions**
- **Bifacial technologies** brings energy yield more into the focus of the whole market

Energy yield monitoring with best available accuracy is needed to study the performance of PV modules under the specific conditions of a certain location.

Energy Yield Service

Agenda

1. Module power rating vs. energy yield
- 2. Global energy yield measurement of TÜV Rheinland**
3. Trina energy yield project

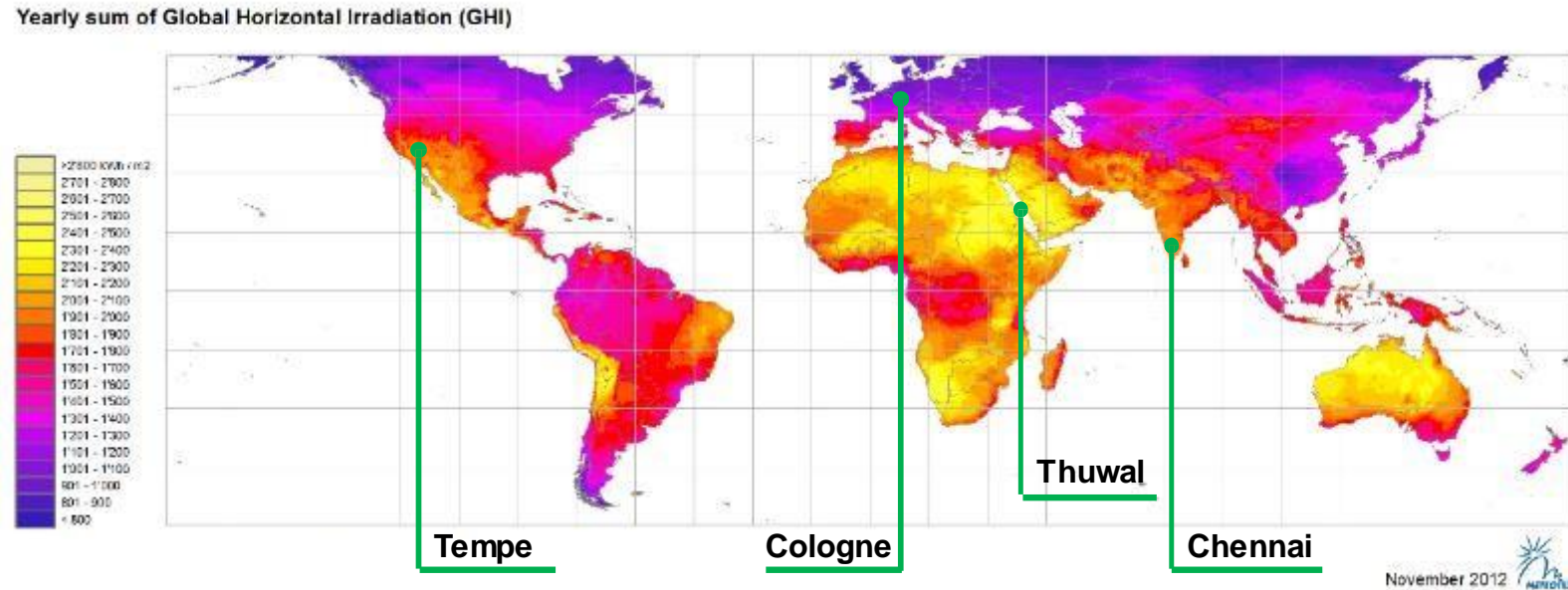
Energy Yield Service

Global energy yield measurement of TÜV Rheinland Group



Energy Yield Service

Global energy yield measurement of TÜV Rheinland Group



Location	Country	Climate classification
Cologne	Germany	Cfb (Mild mid latitude, marine west coast)
Thuwal	Saudi-Arabia	Bwh (Dry, sub-tropical desert), sandstorm impact
Chennai	India	Aw (Tropical humid, tropical savanna)
Tempe	Arizona/USA	Bwh (Dry, sub-tropical desert)

Energy Yield Service

Global energy yield measurement of TÜV Rheinland Group

Test rack and climate data at test location



Cologne, Germany



Thuwal, Saudi-Arabia



Chennai, India



Tempe, Arizona, USA

Location	Köppen-Geiger climatic classification	Tilt angle	Yearly sum of in-plane solar radiation	Fraction of low irradiance ($G_{POA} < 200 \text{ W/m}^2$)	Average ambient temperature ($G_{POA} > 15 \text{ W/m}^2$)	Annual precipitation	Average relative humidity
Cologne (Germany)	Cfb (temperate)	35° (Gravel)	1257 kWh/m ²	19 %	13,0 °C	774 mm	74.3%
Thuwal (Saudi-Arabia)	Bwh (desert)	25° (Gravel)	2329 kWh/m ²	4 %	30,2 °C	70 mm	66.8%
Chennai (India)	Aw (sub-tropical)	15° (Concrete)	2102 kWh/m ²	9 %	30,5 °C	1197 mm	74.7%
Tempe (Arizona, USA)	Bwh (desert)	33.5° (Gravel)	2396 kWh/m ²	5 %	25,6 °C	219 mm	33.4%

Energy Yield Service

Global energy yield measurement of TÜV Rheinland Group Measurement instrumentation



View of equipment container with electronic loads and weather station

- Measuring container with air condition
- Comparable hardware at each site
- Shadow free installation of PV modules
- Open rack mounting with different albedos
- 4-wire connection to individual electronic load
- Continuous MPP tracking and periodical tracing of I-V curve



Ventilated pyranometer for measurement of plane of array irradiance



Integrating sphere of spectro radiometer with optical fiber



Weather station on top of equipment container



Two-axis solar tracker for measurements of GHI, DHI, DNI

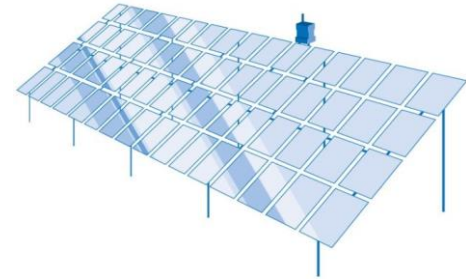
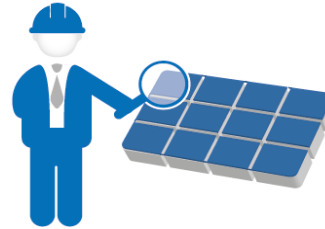
Energy Yield Services

Agenda

1. Module power rating vs. energy yield
2. Global energy yield measurement of TÜV Rheinland
3. **Trina Solar energy yield project**

Energy Yield Service

Trina energy yield project setup



Test sample

- Very High-Power module
Module power rating > 500Wp
 I_{SC} current close to 20A
- Including bifacial module
Operation current might reach 25A
under irradiance around 1200W/m²

Sample preparation

Indoor test program

- Indoor test performed in lab of TÜV Rheinland Group
- Output power and performance at low irradiance

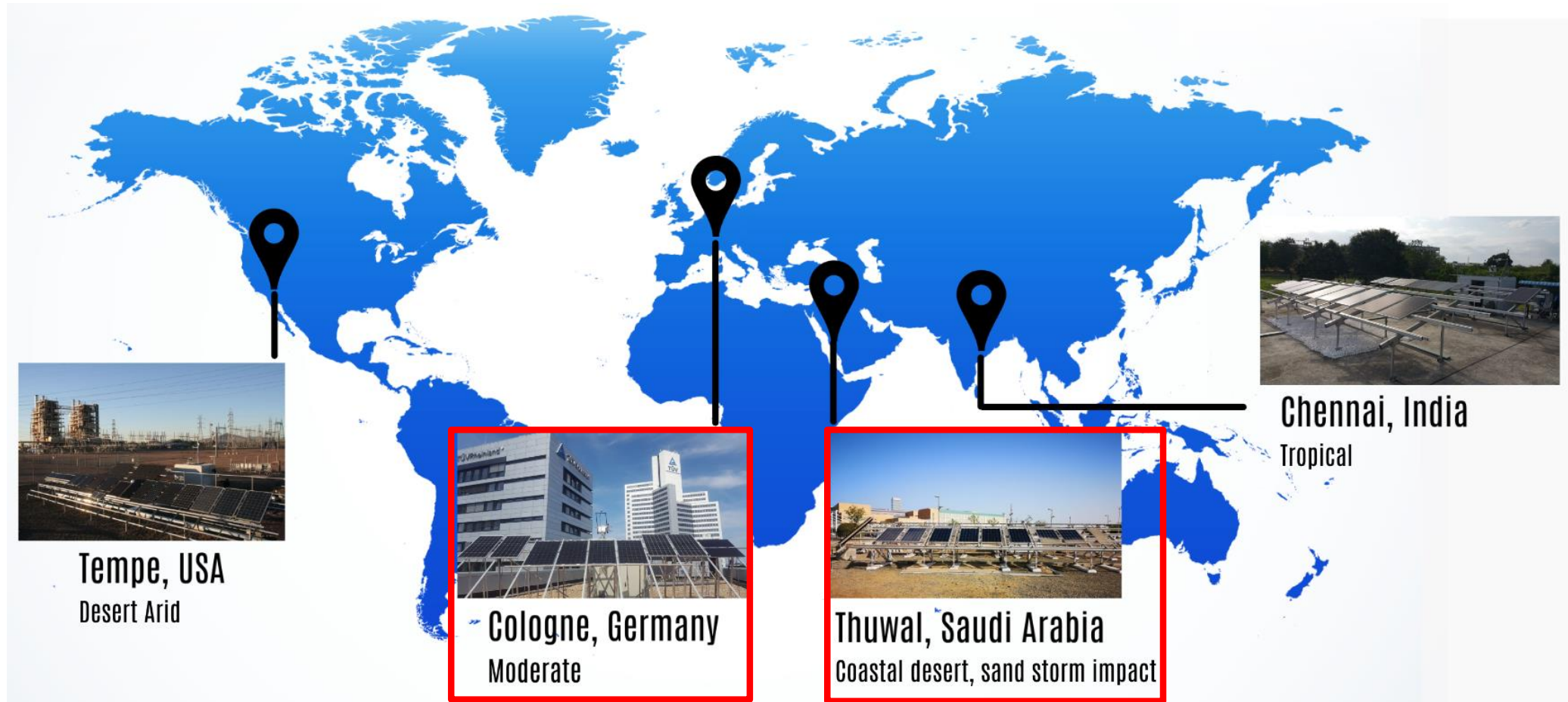
Outdoor EY test program

- Cologne & Thuwal test location
- Operational efficiency, specific yield and module performance ratio

TESTING

Energy Yield Service

Trina energy yield project setup



Energy Yield Service

Trina energy yield project setup

Outdoor test duration



Cologne, Germany

From Nov. 2021 to Oct. 2022



Thuwal, Saudi-Arabia

From Dec. 2021 to Nov. 2022

Energy Yield Service

Trina energy yield project setup

Sample information

Test location	Module type		Rated Power [W]	Module dimension [mm x mm]	Cell width [mm]	Low irradiance ratio	Bifacial ratio
Cologne	A	Monofacial	650	2384 × 1303	210	98.7%	N/A
	B		535	2256 × 1133	182	96.3%	N/A
Thuwal	C	Bifacial	640	2384 × 1303	210	96.4%	69.7% - 71.8%
	D		520	2256 × 1133	182	95.3%	67.4% - 68.5%

Energy Yield Service

Trina energy yield project setup

Irradiance and temperature till Feb. 2022

In-plane global irradiance, Nov. 2021 to Feb. 2022						
Test location	Irradiance	Unit	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
Cologne	Monthly solar irradiance	kwh/m ²	13.7	14.1	13.2	11.3
	Max. irradiance	w/m ²	847.7	774.3	792.2	1068.8
Thuwal	Monthly solar irradiance	kwh/m ²	/	74.8	153.1	84.9
	Max. irradiance	w/m ²	/	1208.8	1343.5	1335.0

Ambient Temperature (°C, Nov. 2021 to Feb. 2022)					
Test location	Temperature	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
Cologne	Average	7.7	6.2	6.3	8.3
	Max.	13.8	16.2	15.5	14.0
	Min.	-0.2	-3.5	-1.7	-1.9
Thuwal	Average	/	26.7	24.7	25.1
	Max.	/	34.1	32.7	32.8
	Min.	/	16.6	15.8	15.8

Cologne

Irradiance: Low

Temperature: Low



Thuwal

Irradiance: High

Temperature: High



Energy Yield Service

Trina energy yield project – Specific Energy Yield

The specific energy yield describes the ratio of the module's energy output to the indoor measured power output at standard test conditions (STC) and is calculated by applying the following equation:

$$EY_{spec} = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^n (P_{mpp,measure,i} \cdot t_{sample})}{P_{max}}$$

Where:

EY_{spec}

Specific energy yield

$P_{mpp,measured,i}$

Measured P_{max} data outdoors

t_{sample}

Sample time

P_{max}

Module rated power either (acc. to type label or measured at STC in laboratory)

Energy Yield Service

Trina energy yield project – Specific Energy Yield – Cologne

Specific Energy Yield in Cologne [Wh/Wp]							
	Module Type: A			Module Type: B			Type A vs Type B
Test Duration	Sample 1	Sample 2	Average	Sample 1	Sample 2	Average	
Dec.	17.07	17.01	17.04	16.36	16.48	16.42	+ 3.78%
Jan.	15.35	15.33	15.34	14.79	14.83	14.81	+ 3.58%
Feb.	14.74	14.76	14.75	14.23	14.21	14.22	+ 3.73%



Low irradiance in winter season of Cologne (temperate climate).

Module **type A** has shown Higher Energy Yield, due to its **better low irradiance performance**.

Energy Yield Service

Trina energy yield project – Specific Energy Yield – Thuwal

Specific Energy Yield in Thuwal [Wh/Wp]							
	Module Type: C			Module Type: D			Type C vs Type D
Test Duration	Sample 1	Sample 2	Average	Sample 1	Sample 2	Average	
Dec.	71.44	72.44	71.94	71.87	71.19	71.53	+ 0.58%
Jan.	146.42	148.49	147.46	147.62	145.65	146.63	+ 0.56%
Feb.	98.02	99.30	98.66	99.14	97.97	98.55	+ 0.10%



The higher Energy Yield output of module **type C** could be attributed to the **higher bifacial ratio** of the module.

There was **no significant difference in the operation temperature** between different type of modules.

Conclusions

- **Nominal power rating** (Wp stated power on the label) of a PV module **does not tell much** about the actual energy delivery that a module will provide in the field.
- **Energy delivery** (Wh) of a PV module is influenced by various factors, such as **electrical properties, module construction and site specific conditions**.
- The **return of a PV investment** can be **significantly increased** by considering climatic impact factors on PV module performance.
- The **Energy Yield Service** introduced by TÜV Rheinland provide a **complete overview** of the factors, which affect the energy yield of PV-modules.
- Trina Solar's project is studying the performance of **4 different modules types (monofacial and bifacial)** in **2 different locations** that represent distinct climates (**Saudi Arabia** and **Cologne**).
- Module **type A** has shown **higher energy yield** in Cologne, due to **better low irradiance performance** than type B.
- The **higher energy yield** output of **type C** than type D in Saudi Arabia could be attributed to **its higher bifacial ratio**.

Thank you for your attention!

Analysis of Outdoor Testing Results for High Power Module (210 vs 182)

National Center of Inspection on Solar Photovoltaic Product Quality (CPVT)

Yun Min



Content



1 Introduction of Yinchuan outdoor testing base facilities



2 Analysis of demonstration data for High Power Module (210,182)



PART 1

Introduction of Yinchuan outdoor demonstration base facilities

Characteristic & Qualification

- In 2007, CPVT was approved to established by State Administration for Product Quality Supervision (Now this government department is named State Administration for Market Regulation of China).
- In 2008, CPVT got qualification accreditation and acceptance by the SAPQC and was officially put into operation.
- First national statutory inspection agency for PV products in China
- The Mother-company of CPVT is Wuxi Institute of Inspection, Testing and Certification

CMA

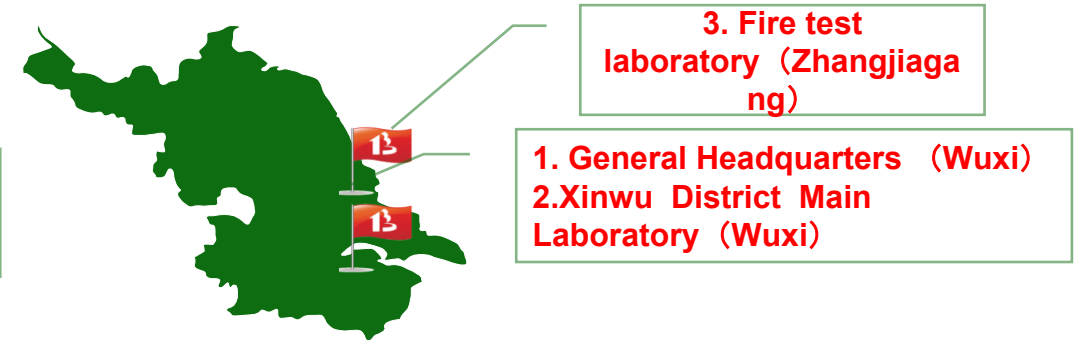
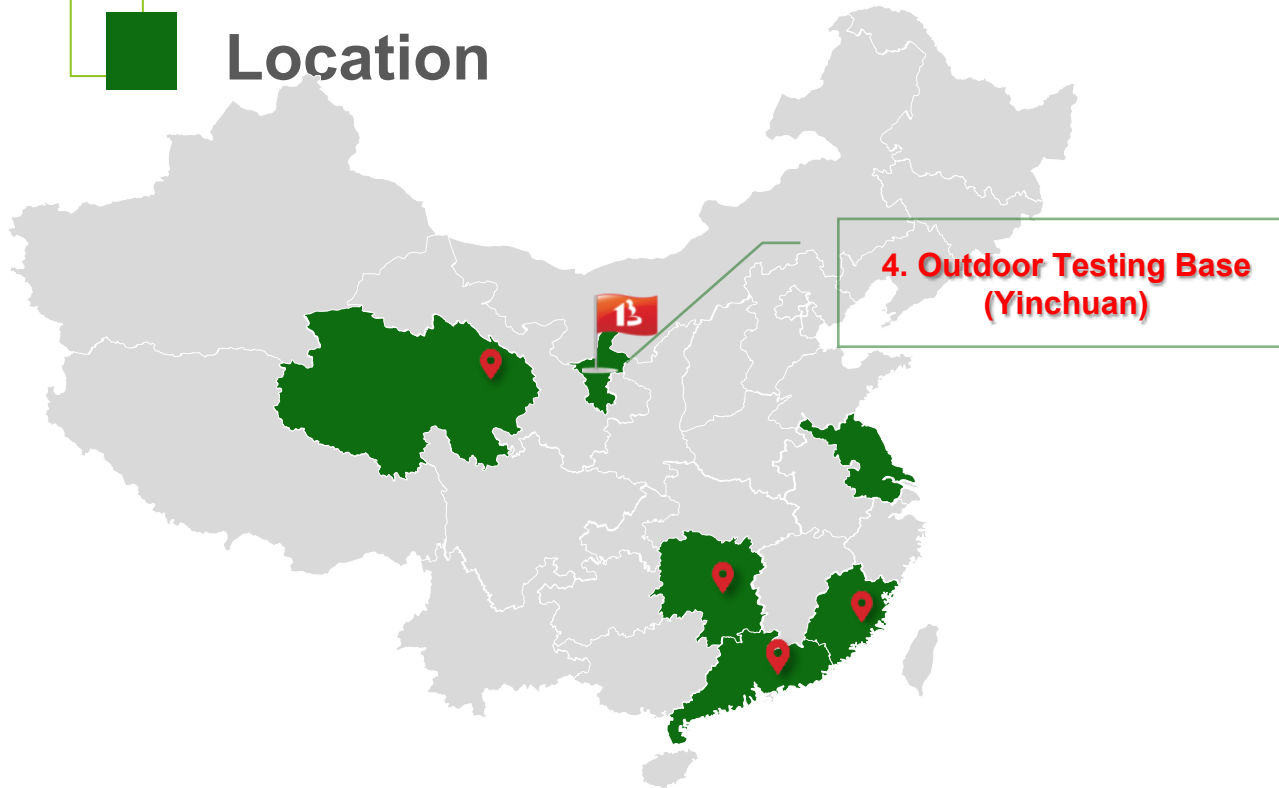


IECEE CBTL



CNAS

Location

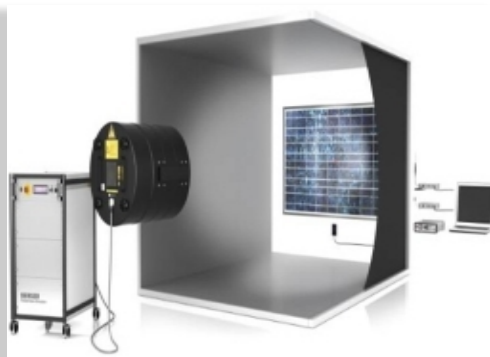


- The total laboratory and office area is about 20,000m².
- **Yinchuan Outdoor testing base** is covering an area of 130,000 m², including office and laboratory for 3,700 m².



Equipments

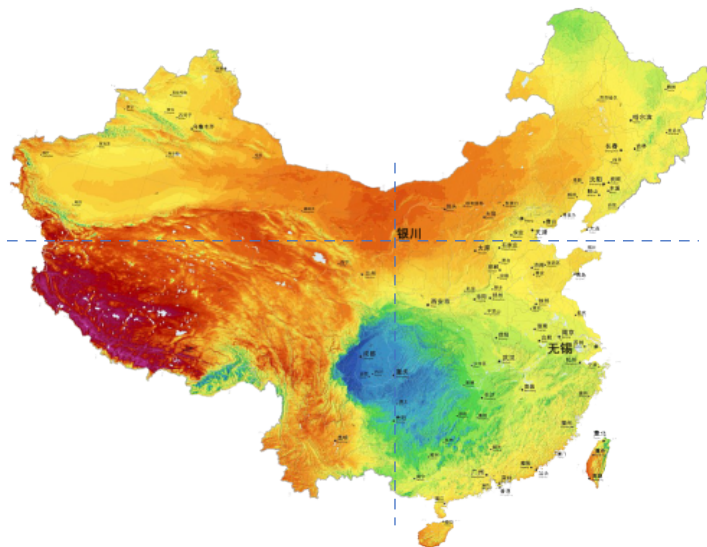
- ✦ Over 1000 sets professional testing equipments
- ✦ 80% are imported from Euro, USA and Japan
- ✦ Value of equipments is nearly RMB 170 million



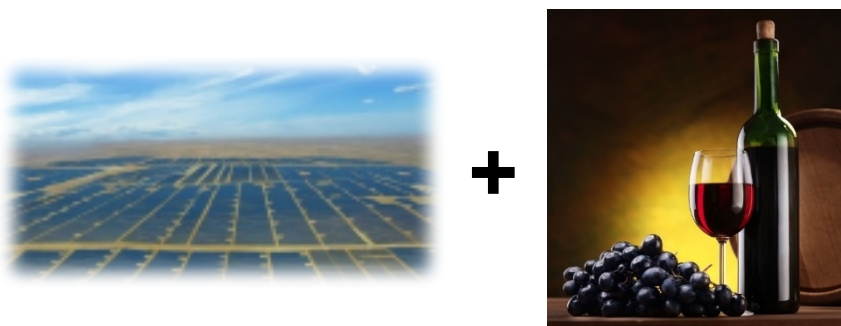
Institution Cooperation



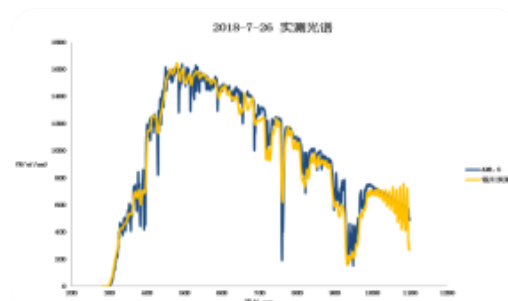
Climatic conditions of Yinchuan Outdoor Testing Base



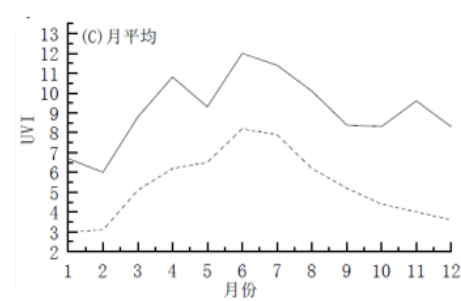
Yinchuan City, North East China
North latitude 38°36'56.77
East Longitude 106°0'52.27



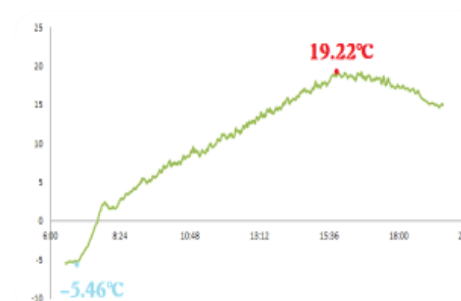
Both the biggest PV power station
and wine production base of
China



Irradiance Spectrum



UV Index



Maximum temperature
difference on same day
25°C

- ◆ Class I area of Solar Radiance, Mean daily exposure $\sim 18.9\text{MJ/m}^2$, 4.5~5h standard irradiance(1000W/m^2), Spectrum similar with AM1.5 (some month match **95%**).
- ◆ Altitude 1100m, Dry, Heat, High temperature difference(eg. **25°C**)
- ◆ Maximum wind speed $> 25.06\text{m/s}$ (force 10 wind) , also can research for mechanical experiment;

Facilities of Yinchuan Outdoor Testing Base



Glass/backsheet ageing



NMOT



Module string ageing



System demonstration



**Testing bus
For power station**



Solar Simulator



Climate monitor



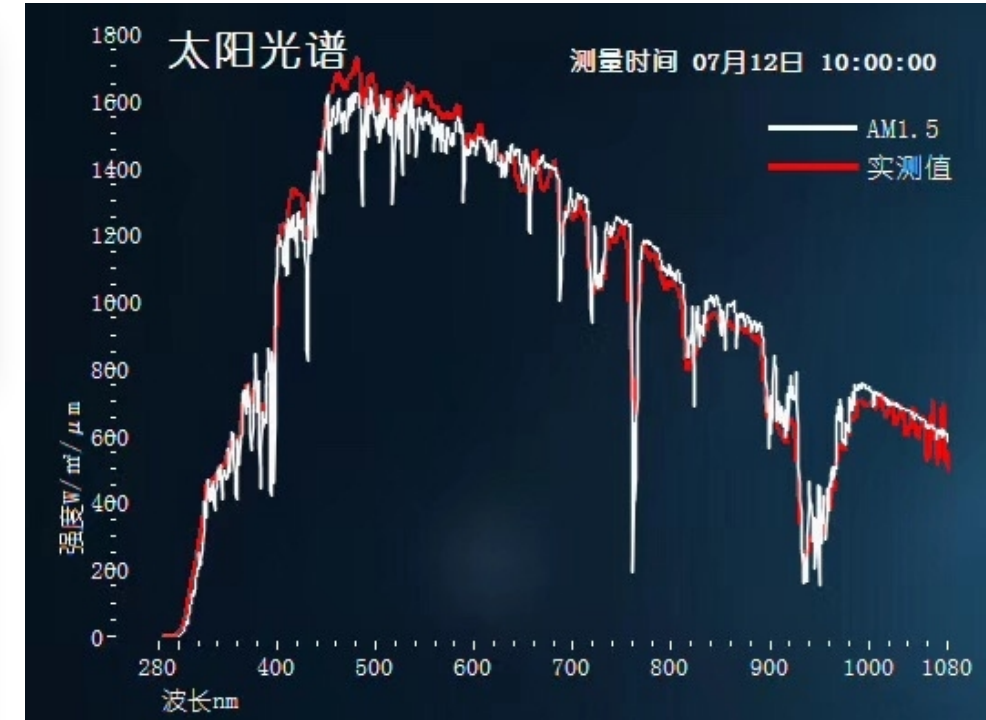
Data Analysis



BIPV



Total area 133000 m², 10 function zone, can load 16000 modules.



Red AM1.5 / White real spectrum

- Agriculture-PV
- Lake-PV
- BIPV
- PV tree
- Household PV
- PV + Car Charging



PART 2

**Analysis of demonstration data for High
Power Module (210,182)**



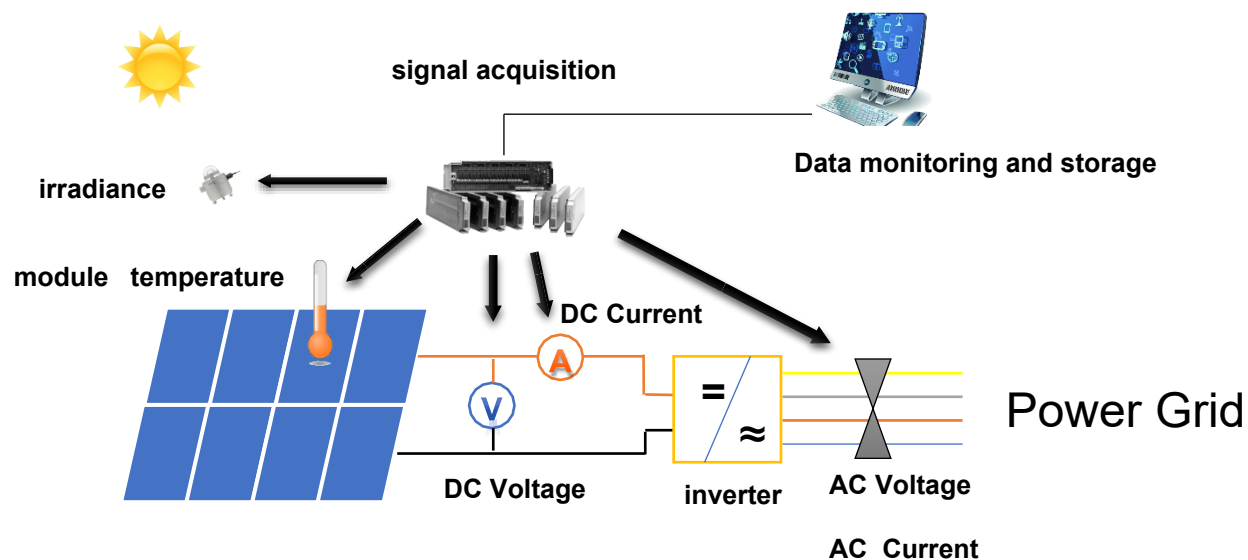
Module Group

Module Type	Comparison module 540W	Start date	Status
210-55 mono-facial	182 -72 mono-facial	2021.04.01	About to close
210-55 bifacial	182-72 bifacial	2021.04.01	About to close
210-66 mono-facial	182-72 mono-facial	2021.11.01	On going

- ◆ 210-55 type modules started to be tested from April 2021 and operated for more than one year.
- ◆ 210-66 type modules started to be tested from Nov 2021 and are now on going.

Demonstration/Testing conditions

- On-grid period: From April 2021
- Testing period : 1 year
- Install angle of inclination: 40°
- Module lower edge for ground: 1m
- Ground with sand and small rock
- String Inverter 20kW for each module string
- high accuracy current meter



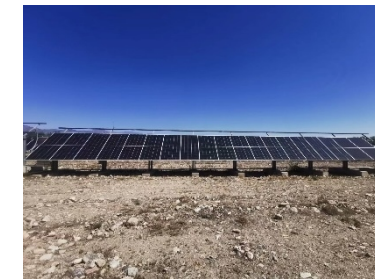
Schematic diagram of measuring system



210-66 mono-facial



210-55 bifacial



210-55 mono-facial



182-72 bifacial



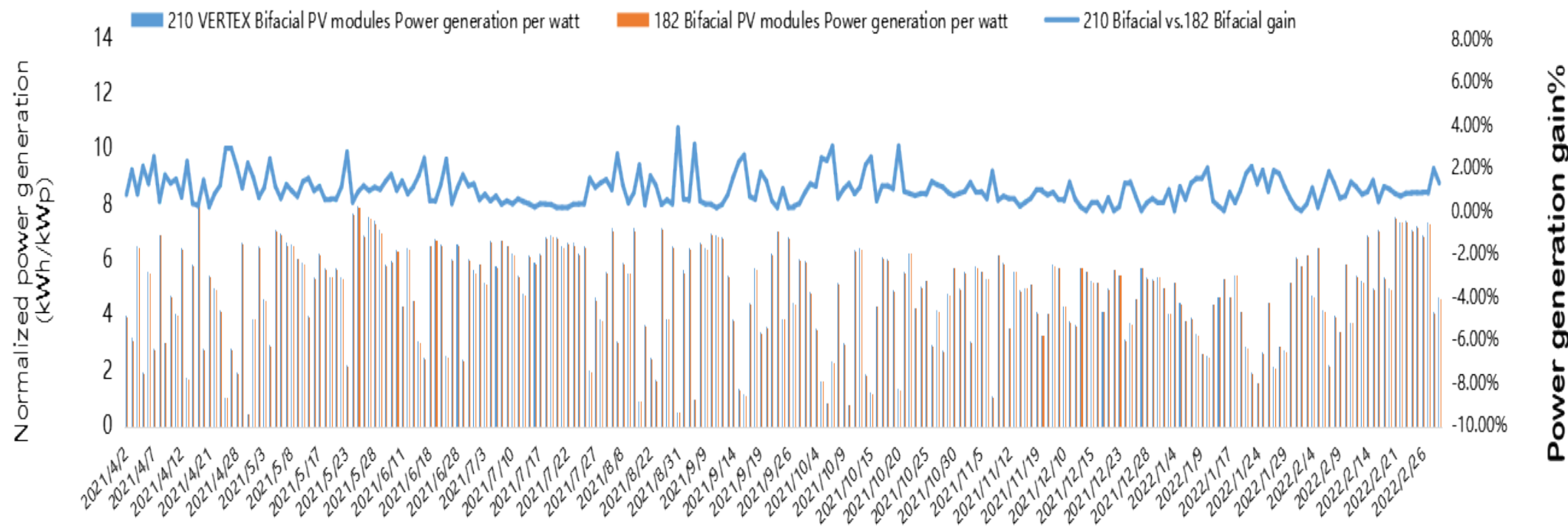
182-72 mono-facial



Power Generation Compare

210-55 VS 182-72 from April 2021 to February 2022

210 Bifacial contrast 182 Bifacial, Yinchuan

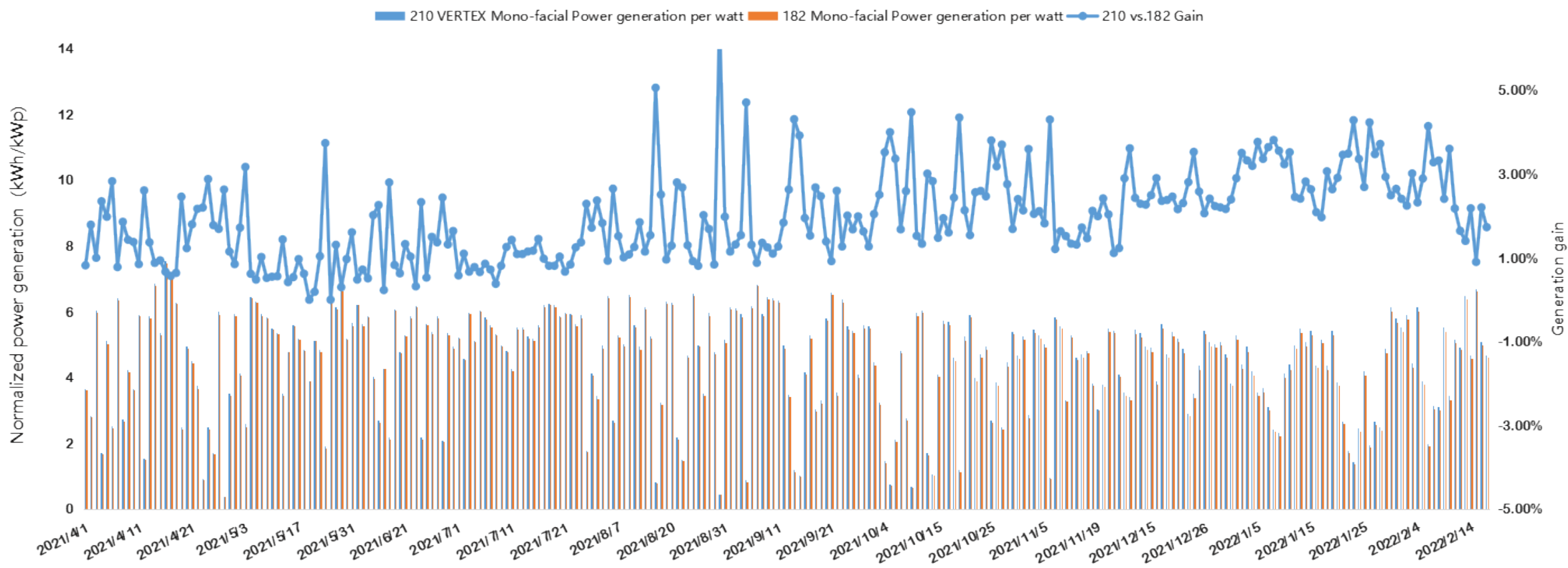


The average normalized power generation of 210 module is **1.7%** higher;
In most month, the average reflectivity of sand-rock is about 15%--17.8%, only in Feb and Nov, the percentage is around 11%.

Power Generation Compare

210-55 VS 182-72 from April 2021 to February 2022

210 Mono-facial VS 182 Mono-facial

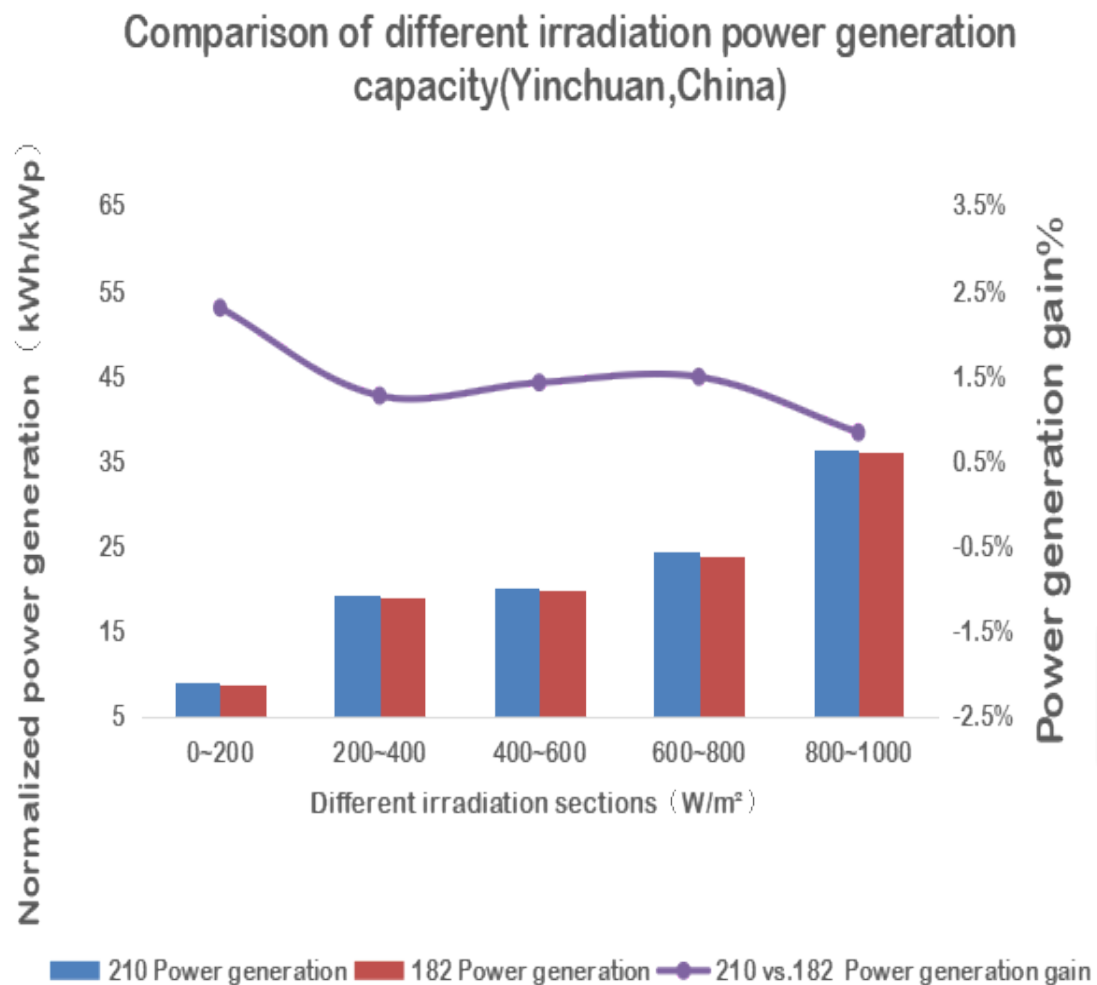


Mono-facial Module with 210 -55 cell vs 182 -72 cell

The average normalized power generation of 210 module is **1.4%** higher

Generation vs Irradiation

210 VS 182



**Irradiance < 800W/m²,
Power generation 210 > 182 about 1.5 ~ 2.5%;**

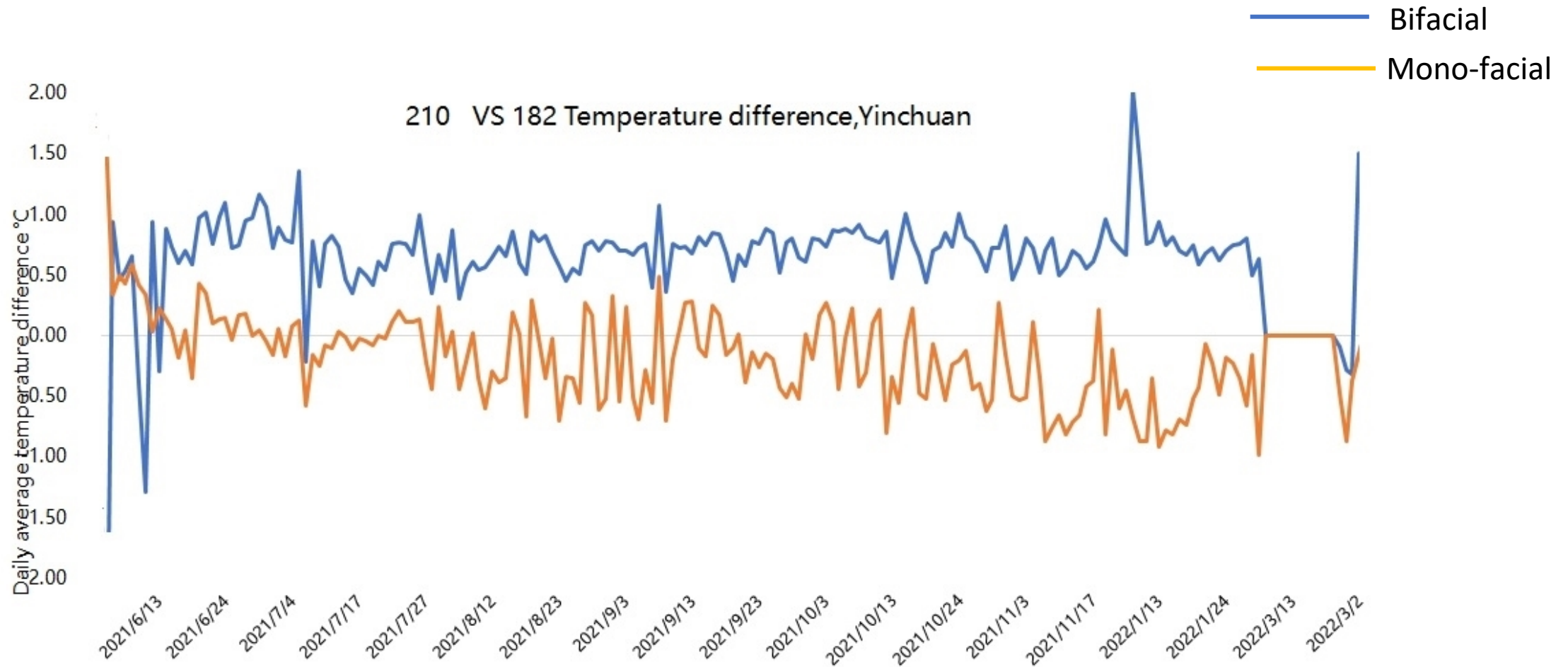
**Irradiance ≥ 800W/m²,
Power generation 210 > 182 about only 0.8%;**

Eg. On June 2021, the part of irradiation exceed 1000W/m² is only 3.98%.

the total power generation difference of 210 vs 182 depend on the performance with low irradiance

Operating Temperature (OT) difference curve of 210- 55 vs 182-72

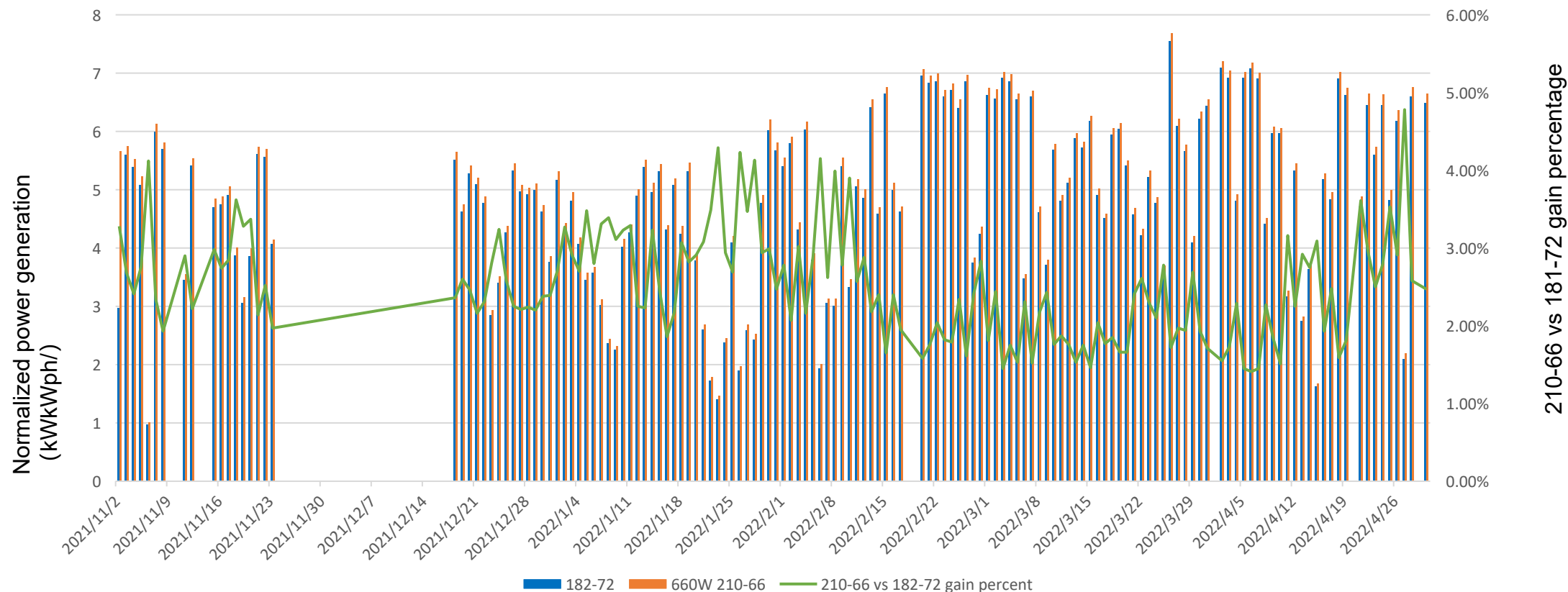
The outdoor **backsheet temperature measurement** deviation is about $\pm 0.7^{\circ}\text{C}$ because of wind
The average OT of 210-55 bifacial module is only 0.4°C higher than that of 182-72 bifacial module,
210-55 mono-facial module is 0.3°C higher than that of 182-72 mono-facial module



Generation Compare

210-66 mono-facial VS 182-72 mono-facial

210-66 VS 182-72 Power Generation



From Nov. 2021 to Apr. 2022, the normalized power generation of 210-66 mono-facial modules is **2.5%** higher than that of 182-72 mono-facial modules.

From November 24 to December 24, equipment measurement calibration test was suspended.



Summary

- ◆ The normalized power generation of 210-55 cell module is obviously **higher** than 182-72 cell module, The gain percentage is about 1.4% of mono-facial module and 1.7% of bifacial module.
- ◆ In lower irradiance(below 800W/m²), the power generation ratio of 210 vs 182 is higher than that in higher irradiance (above 800W/ m²), and **this is the main reason why 210 cell module generate more power than 182 cell module.**
- ◆ The average operating temperature(OT) of 210 cell module is about only 0.4°C (bifacial) and 0.3°C(mono-facial) which higher than 182 cell module.
Considering of the Outdoor OT measurement deviation is about **± 0.7°C** because of wind,
The test result shown that **there is no influence of power generation coursed by OT difference between 210 and 182.**



Thank You

国家太阳能光伏产品质量监督检验中心

NATIONAL CENTER OF SUPERVISION
AND
INSPECTION ON SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC PRODUCT QUALITY

